

Danish Grid Forum – Minisymposium on Cloud Computing

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Clouds and Virtualization to Support Grid Computing

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- Brief review of some limitations of current Grids
- Use of virtual machines in Grids and its use for the dynamic provisioning of virtual clusters
- Grids & Clouds: Scale-out a Grid site
- Demo!

Some Limitations of Current Grids

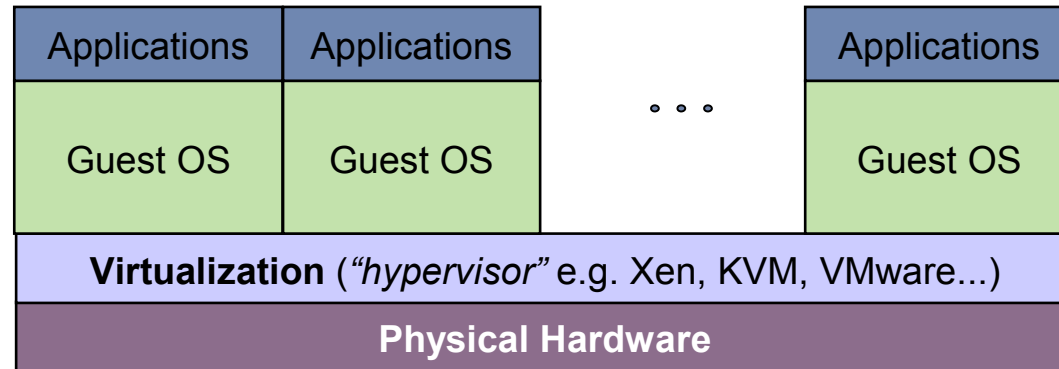
- High degree of heterogeneity (software & hardware)
- High operational costs
- Isolate and partition resources contributed to the Grid
- Specific environment requirements for different Vos
- Users simply do not feel like adopting our execution models (*pilot jobs...*)



Grids are difficult to maintain, operate and use

Virtual Machines

- A VM is an isolated runtime environment (guest OS and apps)
- Hypervisors: Full Virtualized, para-virtualization, HW Virtualization

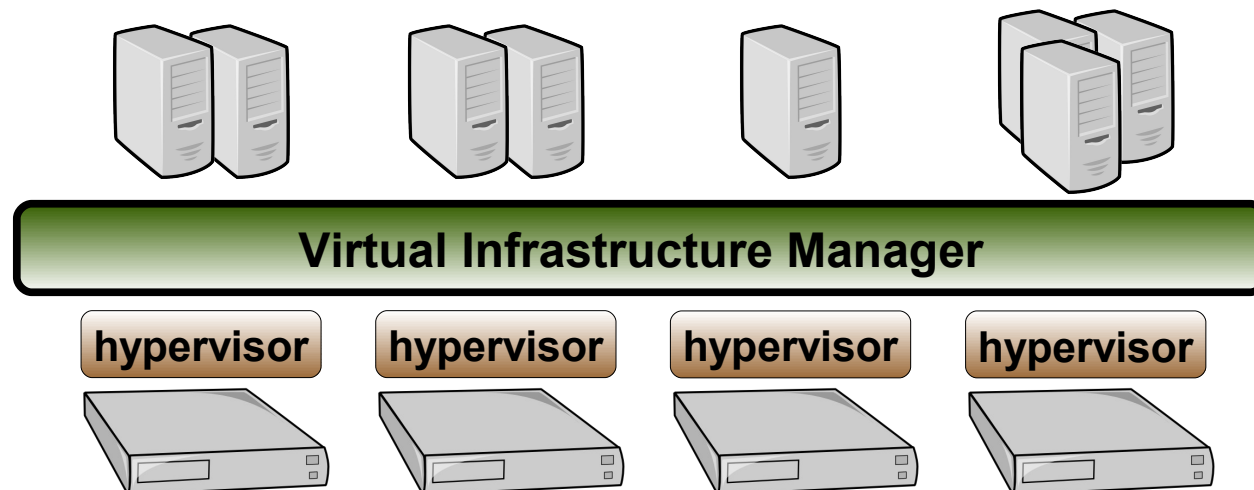


Benefits of Virtualization Platforms

- Natural way to deal with the *heterogeneity* of the infrastructure
- Allow partitioning and isolating of physical resources
- Execution of legacy applications

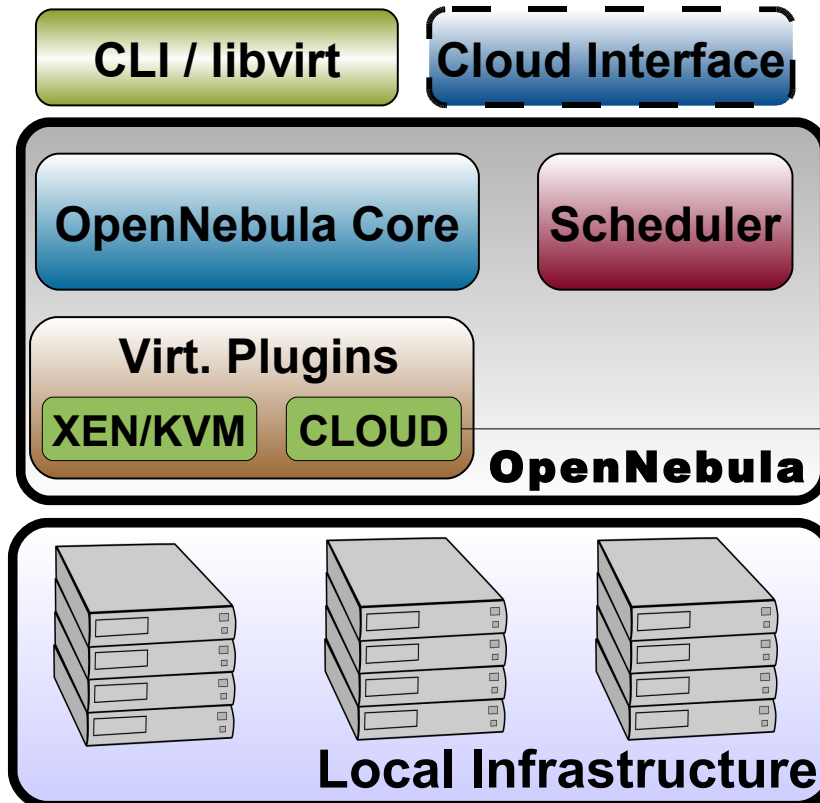
Virtual Infrastructure Manager (VIM)

- ...but something more is needed
 - Where did/do I put my VM? (**scheduling & monitoring**)
 - How do I provision a new cluster node? (**clone & context**)
 - What MAC addresses are available? (**networking**)
- Provides a **uniform view** of the resource pool
- **Life-cycle management** and monitoring of VM
- The VIM **integrates** Image, Network and Virtualization



The OpenNebula Virtual Infrastructure Manager

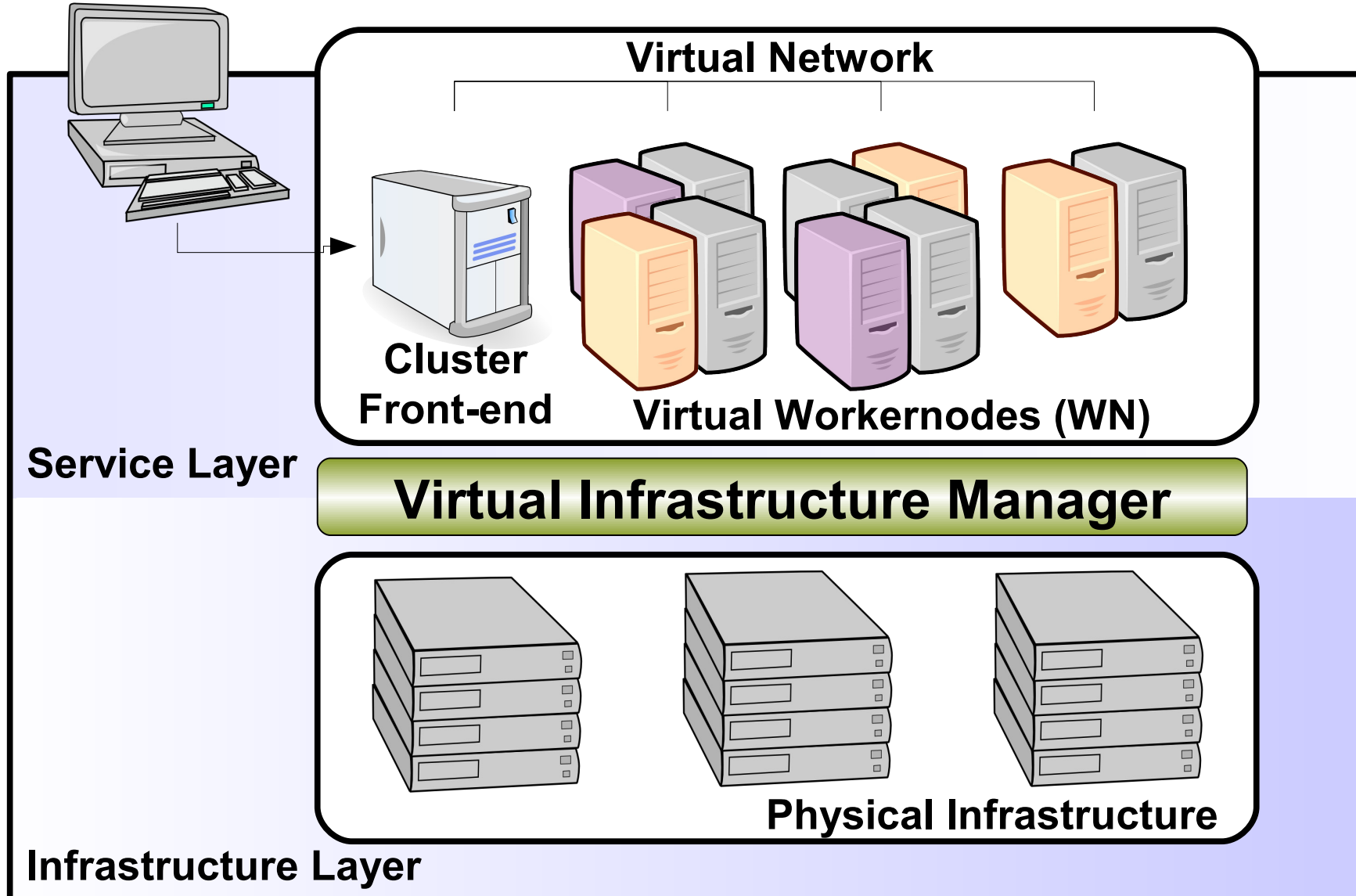
www.OpenNebula.org



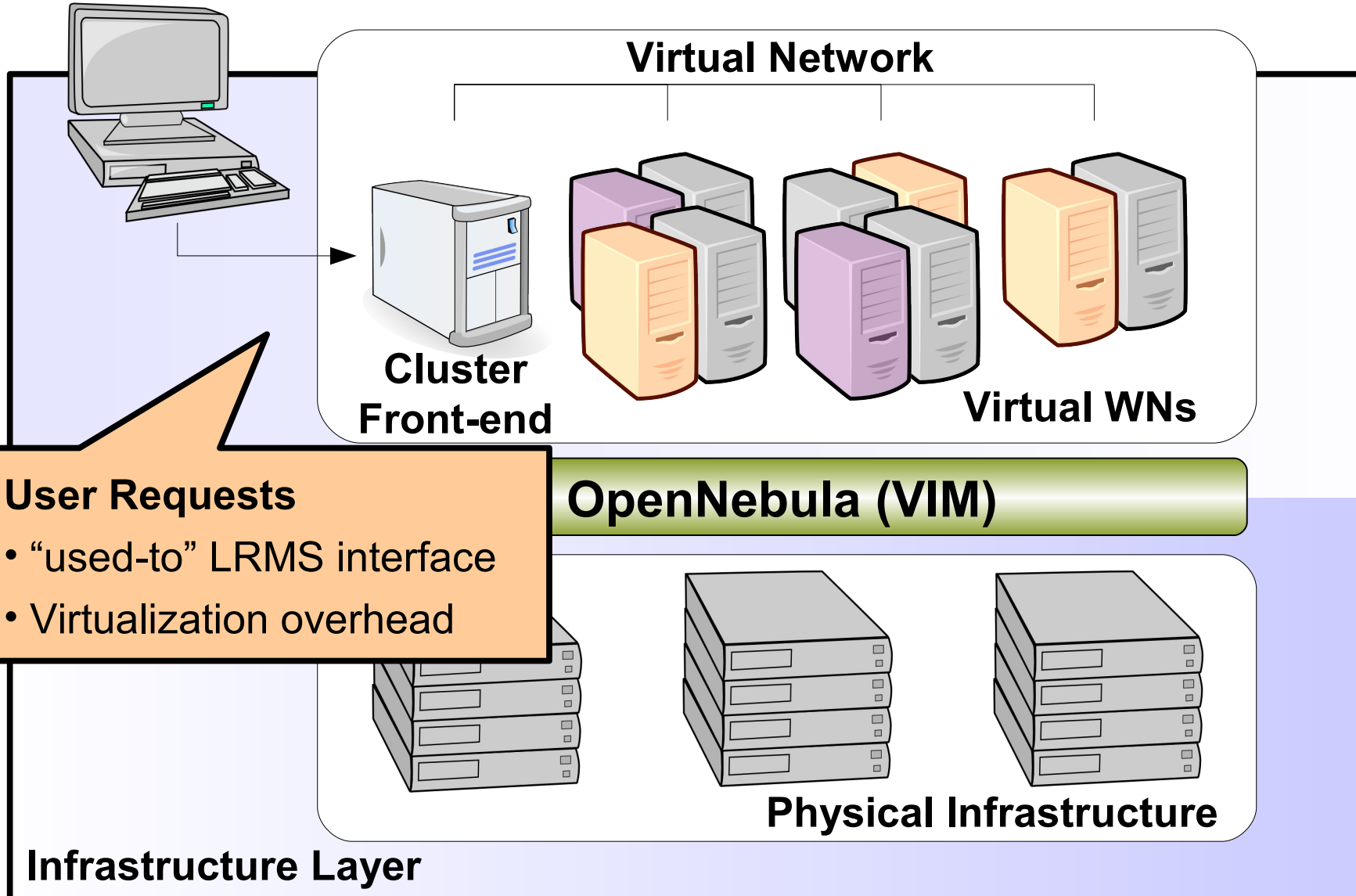
- Flexible & Open Design
 - Third-party components
 - Easily adapted & extended
- Management of *Virtual Services*
 - Image, Network & Context
- Integrated with cloud providers
- Open Source – Apache2
- Included in Ubuntu 9.04 (server)



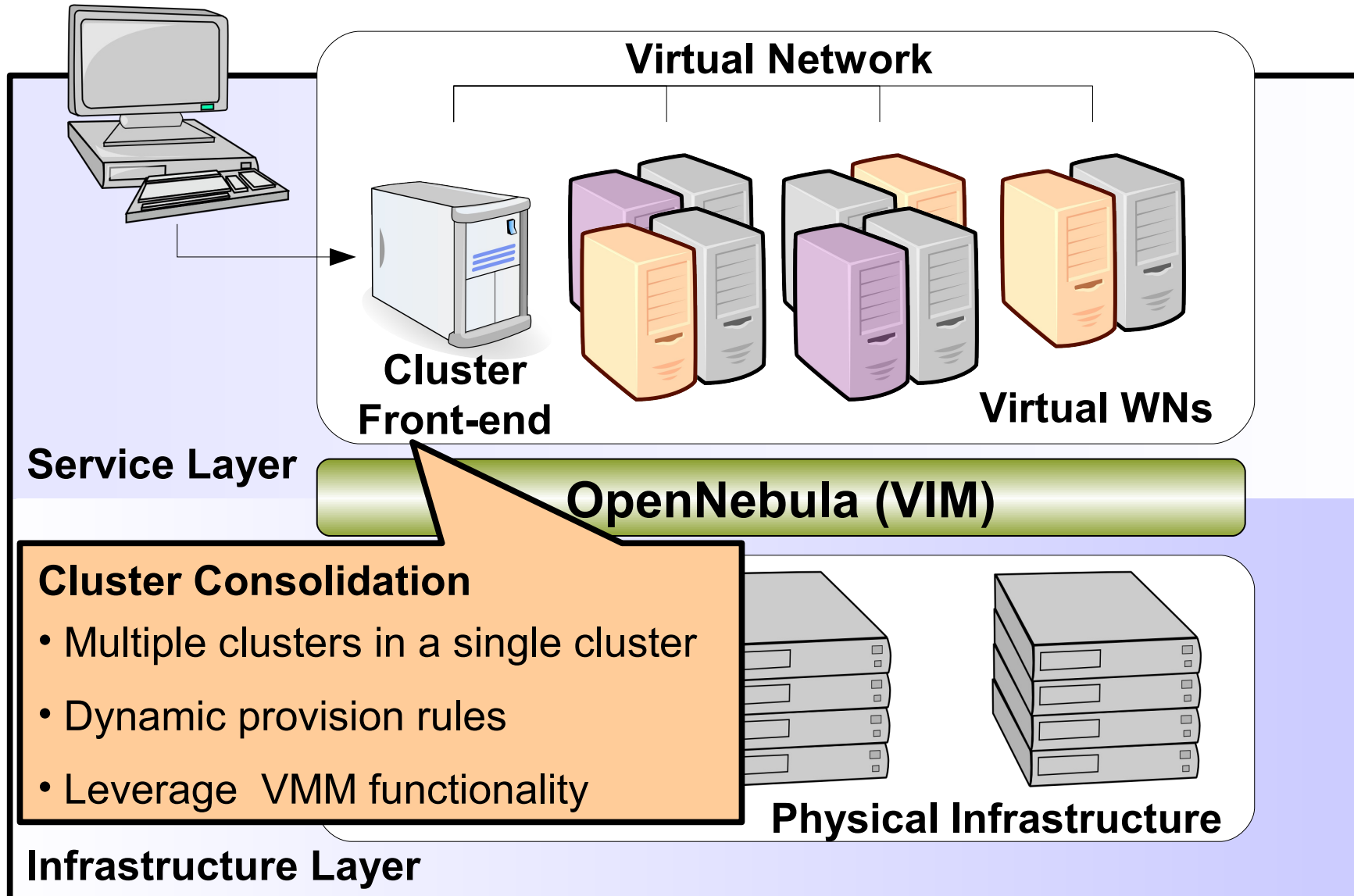
Cluster users



Cluster users



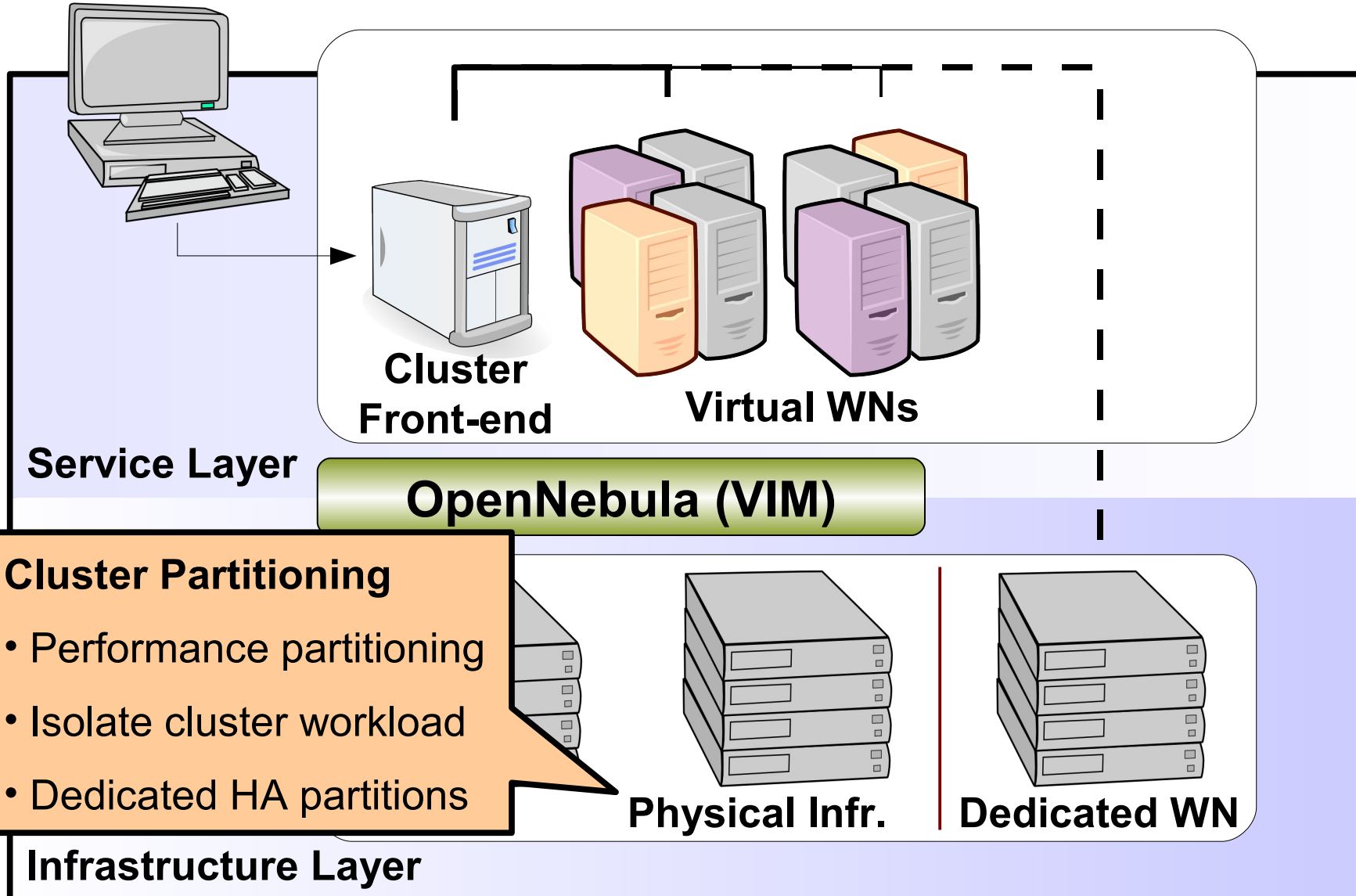
Cluster users



Grids & Virtual Machines

New provision models for Grids: Virtualization and Clouds

Cluster users



Cluster Partitioning

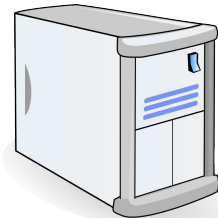
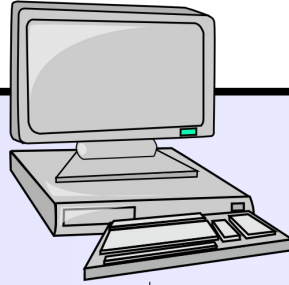
- Performance partitioning
- Isolate cluster workload
- Dedicated HA partitions

Grids & Virtual Machines

New provision models for Grids: Virtualization and Clouds

Cluster users

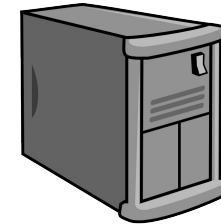
HTTP clients



**Cluster
Front-end**



Virtual WNs



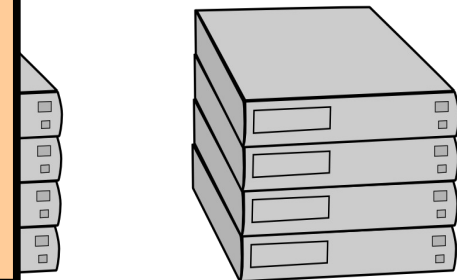
**Web
Server**

Service Layer

Virtual Machine Monitors (VIM)

Heterogenous Workloads

- Dynamic provision of cluster configurations
- Simultaneous support of different services
- E.g. on-demand VO workernodes in Grids



Physical Infrastructure

Infrastructure Layer

A Complete Grid Middleware Stack

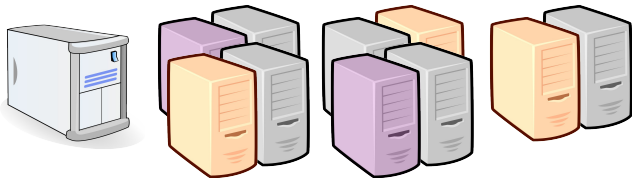
New provision models for Grids: Virtualization and Clouds



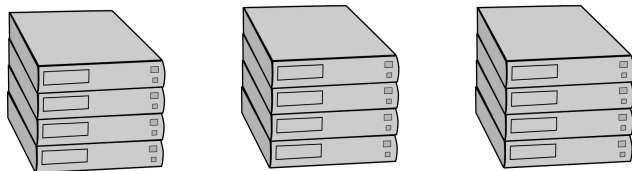
**Meta-schedulers
(GridWay, Condor/G...)**

gLite, UNICORE, Globus...

Cluster Frontend (SGE...)



OpenNebula (VIM)



- Unmodified Applications (Grid or local)
- Interfaces preserved (qsub, DRMAA..)

Applications

- Virtual resources are exposed by GM
- Dynamic scheduling
- Fault detection & recovery

Grid Middleware Layer

- WNs register to different queues
- Multiple VO-specific clusters

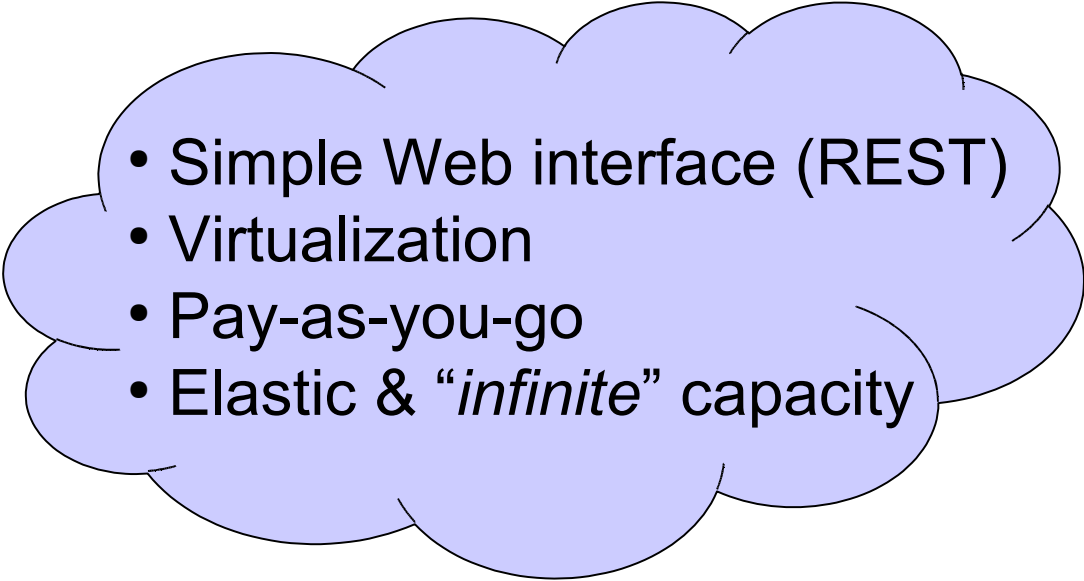
Computing Service Layer

- Infrastructure consolidation
- Infrastructure partitioning
- Infrastructure adaptation

Infrastructure Layer

A Service to Provide Hardware on Demand (IaaS)

- Cloud systems provide **virtualized resources as a service**
- **On-demand access to infrastructure** (through VMs, and *not jobs*)

- 
- Simple Web interface (REST)
 - Virtualization
 - Pay-as-you-go
 - Elastic & “*infinite*” capacity

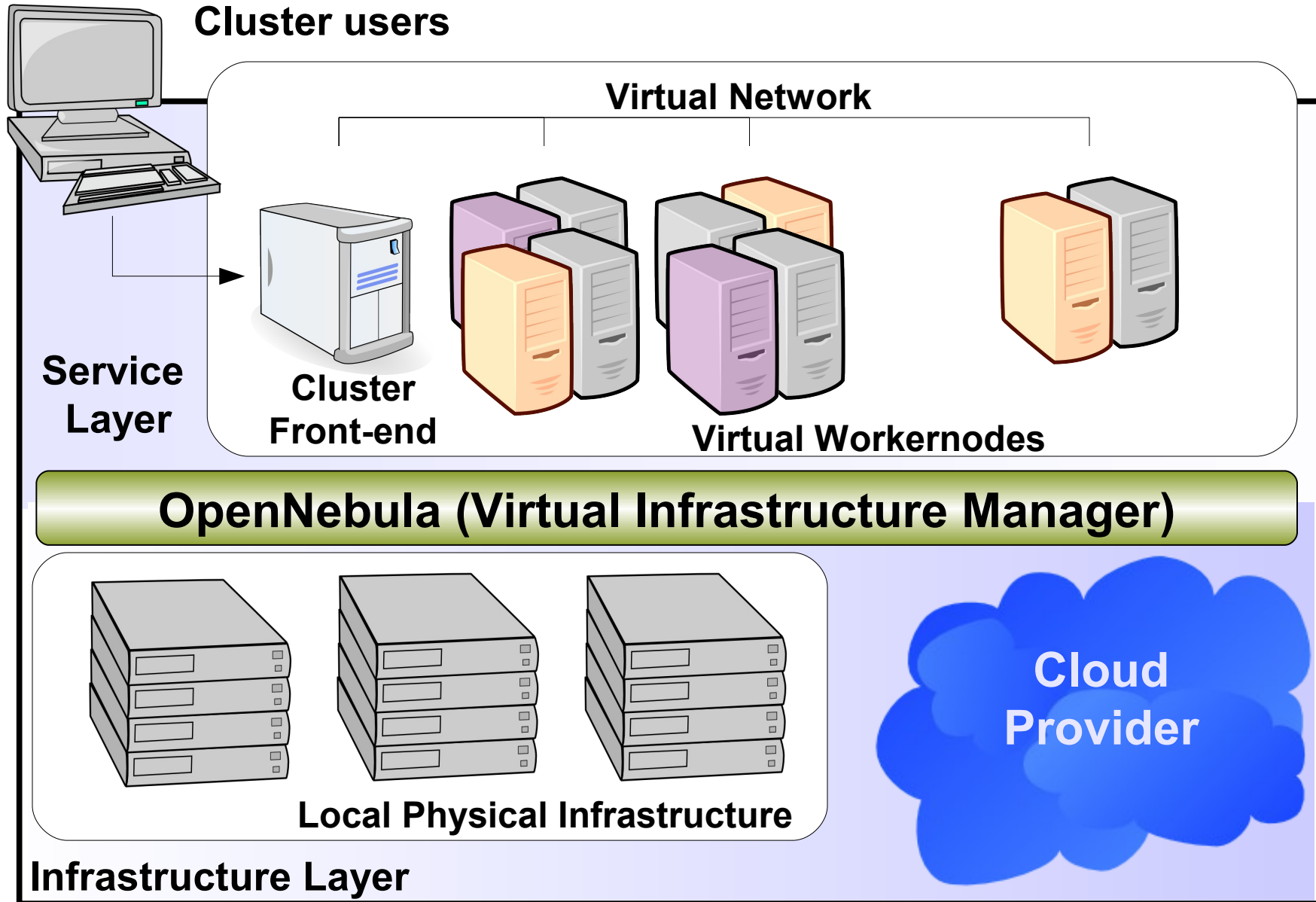
Infrastructure Cloud Services

- Commercial Cloud Providers: Amazon EC2, GoGrid, Elastic Hosts...
- Open Source Cloudn Toolkits: Nimbus, Eucalyptus

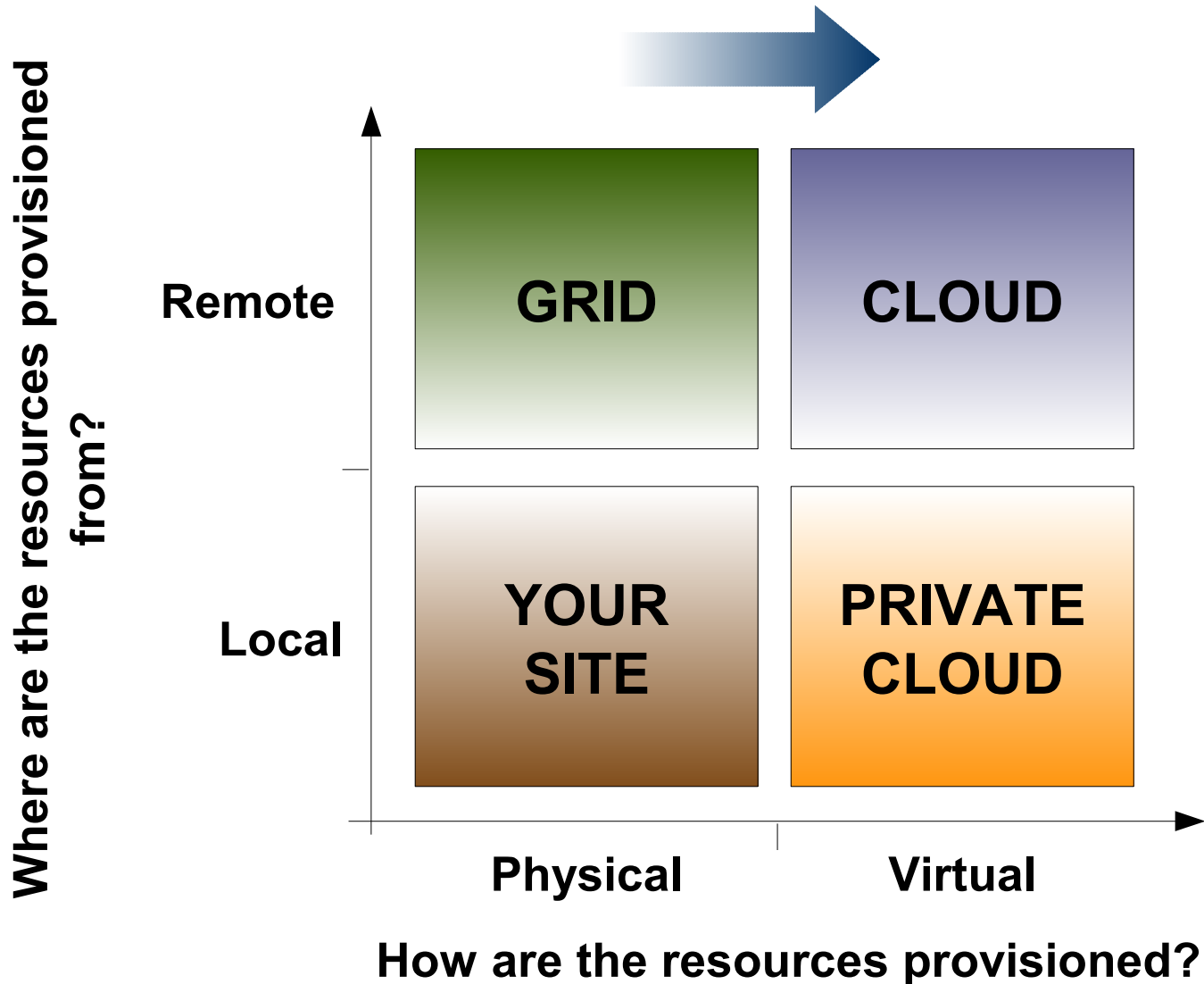
Cloud Computing, An Infrastructure View

New provision models for Grids: Virtualization and Clouds

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The Infrastructure Quadrant



About the Clouds to Support Grids

- Virtualization, cloud, and grid are complementary technologies and will coexist and cooperate at different levels of abstraction
- Virtualization can solve many obstacles for Grid adoption
- Virtualization and cloud do NOT require any modification within service layers (end-user perspective)
- Separation between service and infrastructure layers will allow the application of the utility model to scientific computing *in any form*.

More info, downloads, mailing lists at
www.OpenNebula.org

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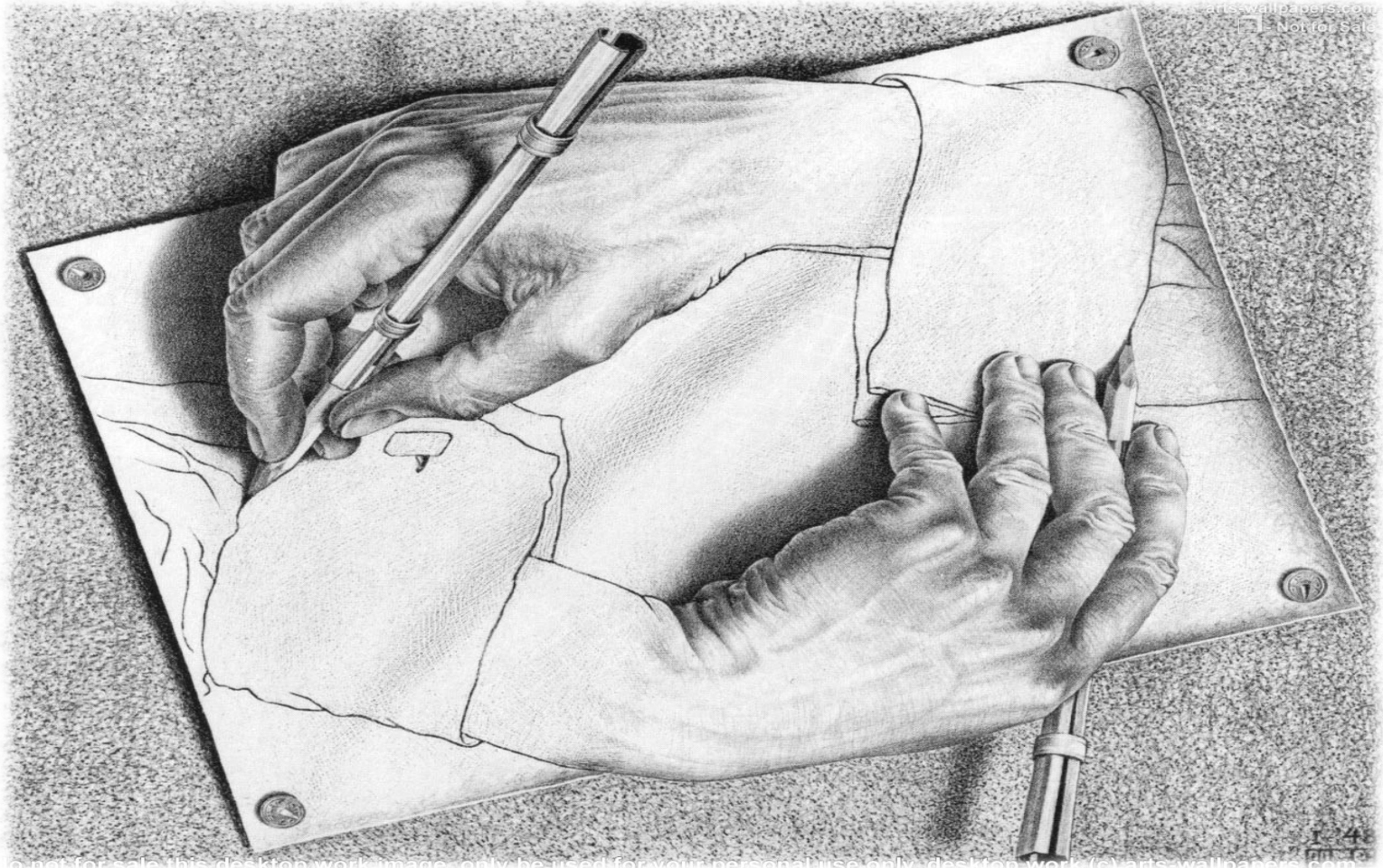


www.reservoir-fp7.eu/

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THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION



QUESTIONS?